

# **083 - PHONETICS** – 130312

1

'Woof,' said Timmy, and trotted  
(trotid)

2

along at Julian's heels.  
(ə'lɔŋ)(hi:lz)

3

The two caravans covered  
('kʌvəd)

4

quite a good distance that day,  
('kwait)('distəns)

5

even though they went slowly.  
('i:vən)(ðəu)('sləuli)

6

Julian did not miss the way  
()

7

once. He was very good indeed  
(wʌns) (in'di:d)

8

at map-reading. Anne was  
(mæp)('ri:dɪŋ)

9

disappointed that they could not  
('disə'pointid)

10

see the hills they were making  
('meikin)

11

for, at the end of the day.  
( )

12

'Goodness, they're miles and  
(‘gudnis)(ðeiə)(mailz)

<sup>13</sup>  
miles away!' said Julian. 'We  
(ə́wei)

<sup>14</sup>  
shan't arrive for at least four or  
(ə́raiv)(li:st)

<sup>15</sup>  
five days, silly! Now, look out for  
(‘sili)

<sup>16</sup>  
a farm, kids. There should be  
(fa:m)(kidz)

<sup>17</sup>  
one near here, where we can  
(niə)(hiə)(weə)(kæn)

ask permission to camp for the  
night.'

(ɑ:sk)(pə'miʃən)(kæmp)(nait)

<sup>19</sup>

'There's one, surely,' said  
(ðeəz)('ʃuəli)

<sup>20</sup>

George, after a few minutes.  
('ɑ:ftə)(fju:)(ˊminits)

<sup>21</sup>

She pointed to where a red-  
(pointid)(red)

<sup>22</sup>

roofed building with moss-  
(ru:ft)(ˊbildin)(wið)(mos)

<sup>23</sup>

covered barns, stood glowing in  
(ˊkʌvəd)(ba:nz)(stud)(ˊgləuin)

<sup>24</sup>

the evening sun. Hens clucked  
(‘i:vniŋ)(sʌn)(henz)(klʌkt)

<sup>25</sup>

about it, and a dog or two  
(ə’baut)(dog)

<sup>26</sup>

watched them from a gateway.  
(wotʃt)(‘geitwei)

<sup>27</sup>

'Yes, that's the one,' said  
( )

<sup>28</sup>

Julian, examining his map.  
(ig’zæminiŋ)(mæp)

<sup>29</sup>

'Longman's Farm. There should  
( )

<sup>30</sup>

be a stream near it. There it is,  
(stri:m)(niə)

look — <sup>31</sup> in that field. Now, if we  
(fi:ld)

<sup>32</sup> could get permission to camp  
(pə'miʃən)

<sup>33</sup> just here, it would be lovely.'  
(dʒʌst)(hiə)('lʌvli)

<sup>34</sup> Julian went to the farm to see  
( )

<sup>35</sup> the farmer, and Anne went with  
('fɑ:mə)

him to ask for eggs. The farmer  
(egz)

<sup>37</sup>

was not there, but the farmer's  
( )

<sup>38</sup>

wife, who liked the look of the  
(waif)

<sup>39</sup>

tall, well-spoken Julian very  
(to:l)(`spəukən)

<sup>40</sup>

much, gave them permission at  
(mʌtʃ)(geiv)(pə'miʃən)

<sup>41</sup>

once to spend the night in the  
(wʌns)(spend)

<sup>42</sup>

field by the stream.  
(fi:ld)(stri:m)

43

'I know you won't leave a lot of  
(li:v)

44

litter, or go chasing the farm  
(`litə)(`tʃeisin)

45

animals,' she said. 'Or leave the  
(`æniməlz)(li:v)

46

gates open like some ill-bred  
(geits)(`əupən)(laik)(sʌm)(bred)

47

campers do. And what's that you  
(`kæmpəz)

48

want, Missy — some new-laid  
(nju:)(leid)

49

eggs. Yes, of course, you can  
(ko:s)

50

have some — and you can pick  
(pik)

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## ACENTUAÇÃO

**Acento principal:** a principal sílaba tónica possui este símbolo:

**Acento secundário:** a segunda sílaba tónica tem o seguinte sinal: ‘

As palavras em inglês podem ter um acento principal e um acento secundário. Este acento secundário é de tonalidade mais baixa que o acento principal.

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## ACCENTUATION

Example:

Baobab (‘beɪəb, bæb) has the

principal accent « ’ » at the first

# syllable and one **secondary accent** « ‘ » at the final syllable with **smaller tonality**.

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Ditongos **fechados** – Weak/feeble diphthongs  
«**ej**», «**ou**»

«**Ou**» - o/the 1º/1º elemento/element é/is uma/a vogal/vowel entre/between o/the nosso/our «**o**»/«**o**» fechado/closed,weak e/and o/the som/sound «**ə**»/«**ə**»

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Ditongos **abertos** – Strong diphthongs  
«**ai**», «**au**», «**oi**»

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Ditongos **centralizados** – Centralized diphthongs  
«**iə**», «**eə**», «**oə**», «**uə**»

«**eə**» - o/the 1º/1º elemento/element é/is um/an «**e**»/«**e**» aberto/very strong  
(como o nosso com acento agudo)(very strong)

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**Tritongos** - triphthongs  
«**eiə**», «**aiə**», «**auə**»

A/the **segunda**/second vogal/vowel **abrevia-se**/must be abbreviated

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## ATENÇÃO/ATTENTION

### 018 - PHONETICS - 121013

(with proud he **showed** it to other farmers)

()()()(**ʃəud**)()()()

**əu** – não é/isn't ditongo/diphthong.

Nunca/never **começam/begin** com/with «ə»/«ə»

«ə» - vogal/vowel neutra/neuter central/central

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«dʒ» e «tʃ»

bridge (bridʒ); joy (dʒoi); gentle (‘dʒentl)  
cheap (tʃi:p); teacher (‘ti:tʃə); creature (‘kri:tʃə)

São dois dígrafos, conjunto de duas letras que representam um único som – CONSOANTES AFRICADAS que se pronunciam conjuntamente com fricção

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## LIKENESSES

Could - (kud)  
Would - (wud)  
should - (jud)

anyone – (‘eniwʌn)  
brother – (‘brʌðə)  
Bunk – (bʌŋk)  
but – (bʌt)  
Butt – (bʌt)  
Colour – (‘kʌlə)

come – (kʌm)
Comfortable – (‘kʌmfətəbəl)
company – (‘kʌmpəni)
Cup – (kʌp)
does – (dʌz)
Doesn't – (‘dʌznt)
done – (dʌn) [to do]
dull – (dʌl)
enough - (i’nʌf)
everyone - (‘evriwʌn)

Flutter – (‘flʌtə)
from – (frʌm)
Front – (frʌnt)
fun – (fʌn)
hunter – (‘hʌntə)
hurry – (‘hʌri)
interrupt - (‘intə’rʌpt)
just – (dʒʌst)
love – (lʌv)
Luck – (lʌk)
money - ‘mʌni

mother – (‘mʌðə)		last – (la:st)
Much – (mʌtʃ)		after – (‘ɑ:ftə)
mummy – (‘mʌmi)		harness – (‘hæ:nəs)
must – (mʌst)		start – (sta:t)
Nothing – (‘nʌθɪŋ)		bark – (ba:k)
Nuzzle – (nʌzl)		farm – (fa:m)
once – (wʌns)		ask – (ɑ:sk)
one – (wʌn)		grass – (gra:s)
other – (‘ʌðə)		pass – (pa:s)
Punctual – (‘pʌŋktʃuəl)		
Rough – (rʌf)		right – (rait)
rub – (rʌb)		excite – (ik’sait)
Rug – (rʌg)		lie – (lai)
Run – (rʌn)		maight – (mait)
rush – (rʌʃ)		like – (laik)
some – (sʌm)		exercise – (‘eksəsaiz)
someone – (‘sʌmwən)		my – (mai)
something - (‘sʌmθɪŋ)		mind – (maind)
Stuck – (stʌk)		tiny – (‘taini)
such – (sʌtʃ)		driver – (‘draivə)
suddenly – (‘sʌdnli)		climb – (klaim)
summer – (‘sʌmə)		mile – (mail)
Sun – (sʌn)		night – (nait)
Supper – (‘sʌpə)		
Thoroughly – (‘θʌrəli)		
thump – (θʌmp)		
uncle - (‘ʌŋkl)		
Under – (‘ʌndə)		
Understand – (‘ʌndə’stænd)		
until – (ʌn’til)		
up – (ʌp)		
us – (ʌs)		
Wonder – (‘wʌndə)		
Wonderful – (‘wʌndəfʊl)		
wondering – (‘wʌndəriŋ)		
Country – (‘kʌntri)		
Hungry - (‘hʌŋgri)		
Worry – (‘wʌri)	shan’t – (ʃɑ:nt)	
Butter – (‘bʌtə)	can’t – (kɑ:nt)	
Shut – (ʃʌt)	father – (fɑ:ðə)	
Cover – (‘kʌvə)	card – (kɑ:d)	
Cluck – (klʌk)	charge – (‘tʃɑ:dʒ)	
	darling – (‘da:liŋ)	
	guard – (gɑ:d)	